

Radioimmunoassay

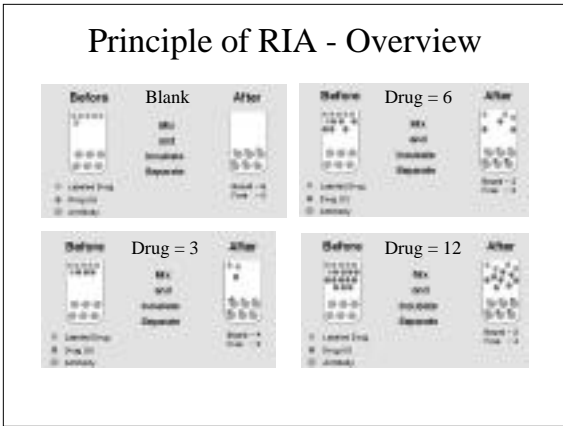
RIA

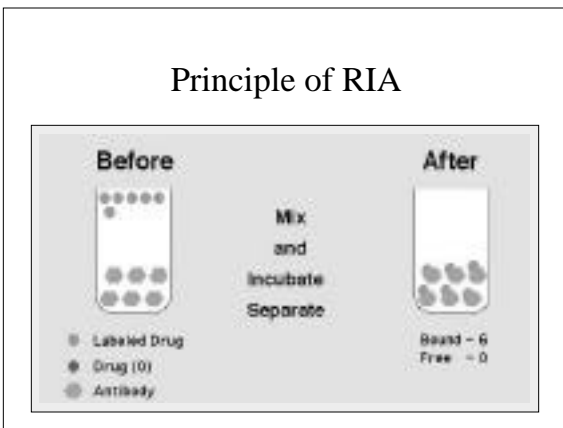
Radioimmunoassay

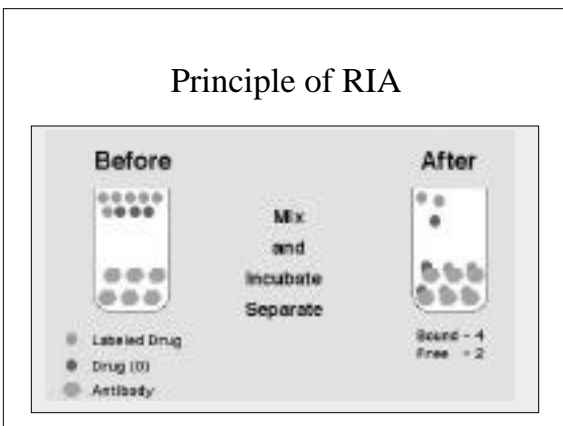
- Separation using the specificity of antibody
- antigen binding
- Quantitation using radioactivity

RIA Components of the Assay

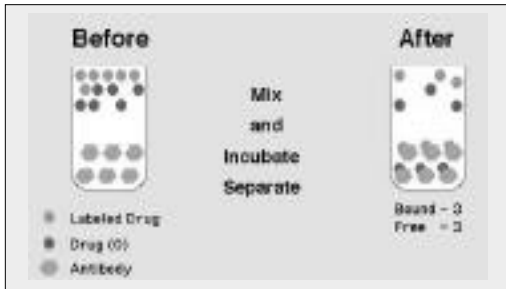
- Drug
- Antibody
- Labelled Drug
- Mix, incubate, separate free labelled drug
- Quantitate by measuring radioactivity
- Determine standard curve



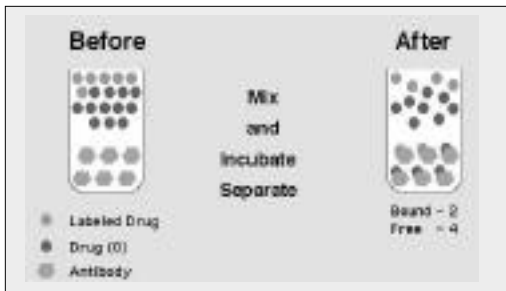




Principle of RIA



Principle of RIA



Principles of RIA

[Drug]	Bound	Free
0	6	0
3	4	2
6	3	3
12	2	4

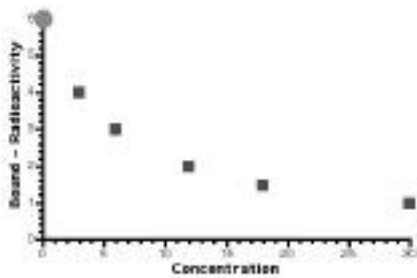
Procedure

- Mix sample containing drug with fixed quantity of labelled drug and antibody
- Allow to equilibrate - incubate
- Separate drug bound to antibody from unbound drug
 - Charcoal adsorption of antibody (and bound drug)
 - Antibody - antibody binding precipitates bound drug
 - Antibody bonded to container

Procedure contd.

- Measure radioactivity associated with bound labelled drug
 - low drug concentration means more bound radioactivity and higher measurement
 - high drug concentration means less bound radioactivity and lower measurement
- Non-linear plot of radioactivity versus concentration
- Logit-log concentration plot is linear

Bound versus Concentration



Logit-Log C Plot

